

Title: FSC Directive on FSC Controlled Wood

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FOREWORD

FSC received various comments from certification bodies and stakeholders requesting a reduction in the number of normative documents to make the documented certification system more comprehensible. FSC therefore combined all previous Advice Notes into single documents which are called "Directive". A directive includes all advices issued in relation to a single standard. The relation to a standard is reflected in the document code. Where new advice is approved, these will be added to the directive and the revised document will be reissued.

The intention of this document is to standardize understanding and implementation of requirements by FSC accredited certification bodies and certificate holders.

This document will be revised as required. The content of a directive will be incorporated into the related standard in the revision process as feasible.

Changes and amendments to the directive will be announced to the FSC Network and FSC accredited certification bodies immediately.

NOTE ON THE USE OF THIS DIRECTIVE

All aspects of this document are considered to be normative, including the scope, effective date, references, terms and definitions, tables and annexes, unless otherwise stated.

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A. SCOPE

This document provides FSC's errata and addenda of the requirements included in applicable versions of FSC-STD-40-005.

B. REFFERENCES

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

FSC-STD-40-005 V 2-1	Standard for Company Evaluation of FSC Controlled Wood
FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1	Requirements for Sourcing FSC Controlled Wood

C. FSC NORMATIVE DOCUMENTS REPLACED BY THIS DIRECTIVE

FSC-ADV-40-016 V 2-0 EN Implementation of FSC Controlled Wood requirements in FSC STD-40-005 V2-1 and FSC-STD-20-011 V1-1.

D. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Terms and definitions are provided in *FSC-STD-01-002* and in *FSC-STD-40-005*. Further advice-related definitions may be provided in the context of each advice.

PART 1 GENERAL ISSUES

- The FSC Directive is providing FSC accredited certification bodies (certification bodies) and other stakeholders with clear advices on the implementation of FSC's international policies and standards. A directive is designed to provide formal advice in relation to a single specific issue or question raised with the FSC International Center. All advices on a series of issues related to a specific FSC international policy or standard are collected in one document to improve accessibility for certification bodies, certificate holders and interested parties.
- If a certification body is in doubt about the correct implementation of an FSC policy or standard, the certification body shall request clarification from the FSC Performance and Standards Unit. If required, such clarification will be provided in the form of a new advice or interpretation.
- Prior to the finalisation of an advice, a certification body may make its own decision in relation to a question for which clarification has been sought. In such a case, responsibility for the consequences of the decision shall rest exclusively with the certification body concerned. Formal advice subsequently provided by the FSC International Center will be applicable retrospectively.
- The advices provided in this document represent the formal position of the FSC International Center unless and until it is superseded by the approval of a more recent policy, standard, or advice. In such cases the requirements specified in the more recent document shall take precedence.
- 5 Certification bodies are required to comply with the most recent formal advices, and ASI will base its assessments and issue of corrective actions on these.
- Finalised advices are approved by the Performance and Standards Director or the FSC Director General. If a certification body wishes to contest the advice provided it may do so by requesting a formal review and decision by the FSC Policy and Standards Committee. Until and unless such a review and decision has been finalised, the certification body shall continue to comply with the position of the FSC International Center.
- Advices are under continual review and may be revised or withdrawn in response to new information, experience or changing circumstances, for example by the development of new policies or standards approved by the FSC Board of Directors.

PART 2 FSC ADVICES

ADVICE-40-005-01 (WITHDRAWN) The concept of "district" in risk assessments

ADVICE-40-005-01	The concept of "district" in risk assessments
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-02 (WITHDRAWN) Complaints about controversial activities within suppliers' FMUs

ADVICE-40-005-02	Complaints about controversial activities within suppliers' FMUs
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-03 (WITHDRAWN) Can a manufacturing or trading site be defined as "district" for the purpose of conducting a risk assessment?

ADVICE-40-005-03	Can a manufacturing or trading site be defined as "district" for the purpose
	of conducting a risk assessment?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-04 (WITHDRAWN) What kind of documentation and control is required to verify the geographical district of origin?

ADVICE-40-005-04	What kind of documentation and control is required to verify the geographical district of origin?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-05 (WITHDRAWN) Inclusion of manufacturing/ trading sites in the company's Controlled Wood verification program

ADVICE-40-005-05	Inclusion of manufacturing/ trading sites in the company's Controlled Wood verification program
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-06 (WITHDRAWN) Public availability of risk assessments

ADVICE-40-005-06	Public availability of risk assessments
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-07 (WITHDRAWN) Minimum content and revision of publicly available risk assessment results

ADVICE-40-005-07	Minimum content and revision of publicly available risk assessment results
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-08 (WITHDRWAN) What to do in cases where two companies reach contradicting results in their risk assessments of a district?

ADVICE-40-005-08	What to do in cases where two companies reach contradicting results in their risk assessments of a district?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-09 (WITHDRAWN) Use of guidance and risk designations developed by FSC accredited National Initiatives

ADVICE-40-005-09	Use of guidance and risk designations developed by FSC accredited National Initiatives
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-10 (WITHDRAWN) When shall an FSC Controlled Wood code be issued by the certification body?

ADVICE-40-005-10	When shall an FSC Controlled Wood code be issued by the certification body?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-11 (WITHDRWAN) Do other parts of the standard need to be implemented or evaluated for sales activities of 'FSC Controlled Wood'?

ADVICE-40-005-11	Do other parts of the standard need to be implemented or evaluated for sales activities of 'FSC Controlled Wood'?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-12 (WITHDRAWN) Use of the Transparency International *Corruption Perception Index* (CPI) in risk assessments

ADVICE-40-005-12	Use of the Transparency International <i>Corruption Perception Index</i> (CPI) in risk assessments
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-13 (WITHDRWAN) Is there any difference in the interpretation of High Conservation Value Forests (HCVF) between the FSC Controlled Wood standard and the FSC Principles and Criteria?

ADVICE-40-005-13	Is there any difference in the interpretation of High Conservation Value Forests (HCVF) between the FSC Controlled Wood standard and the FSC Principles and Criteria?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-14 (WITHDRWAN) How can low risk be confirmed for Category 'C' of FSC-STD-40-005 V2-1 Clause 1.1?

ADVICE-40-005-14	How can low risk be confirmed for Category 'C' of FSC-STD-40-005 V2-1 Clause 1.1?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-15 (WITHDRWAN) Field verification audits, results, decision making and required actions

ADVICE-40-005-15	Field verification audits, results, decision making and required actions
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-16 (WITHDRWAN) What is the sampling rate and pool that certification bodies shall use for field evaluations of supplies from sources with unspecified risk?

ADVICE-40-005-16	What is the sampling rate and pool that certification bodies shall use for field evaluations of supplies from sources with unspecified risk?
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-17 (WITHDRWAN) Documentation and procedural requirements to demonstrate the geographical district of origin for co-products

ADVICE-40-005-17	Documentation and procedural requirements to demonstrate the geographical district of origin for co-products
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-18 (WITHDRWAN) Independence of the company verification program

ADVICE-40-005-18	Independence of the company verification program
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-19 Revised (WITHDRWAN) Applicable National and Local Laws and Regulations for Controlled Wood risk assessments and verification programs

ADVICE-40-005-19 Revised	Applicable National and Local Laws and Regulations for Controlled Wood risk assessments and verification programs
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-20 (WITHDRWAN) Sourcing of co-products under the EU Timber Regulation

ADVICE-40-005-20	Sourcing of co-products under the EU Timber Regulation
Status	Withdrawn

ADVICE-40-005-21 Using 'old NRAs' in the due diligence system

ADVICE-40-005-21	Using 'old NRAs' in the due diligence system
Normative reference	FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, Clause 3.1.
Effective date	1 January 2018
Approval	30 June 2017 by the FSC Policy and Standards Director
	Based on the decision by the FSC Board of Directors at their 56 th meeting in USA on 01 April 2011 to ensure alignment of CW standard with legality legislation around the world, including the EUTR and the US Lacey Act.
Terms & definitions	Old NRA: National risk assessment developed according to Version 2-0 of FSC-PRO-60-002.
Background	In early 2012, FSC started updating its standards to ensure harmonization with the EU Timber Regulation (EUTR) and other timber legality legislations such as the US Lacey Act, FLEGT, and the Australian Illegal Logging Prohibition Act.
	Harmonization ensures that the scope of the list of laws required by FSC is consistent with the definition of "applicable legislation" in timber legality legislation. This harmonization is lacking in 'old NRAs' as they had been developed before harmonization began.
Advice	 Organizations using 'old NRAs' in their due diligence system shall replace controlled wood category 1 (illegally harvested wood) from the 'old NRAs' with controlled wood category 1 from the available, applicable FSC risk assessment developed according to Version 3-0 of FSC-PRO- 60-002, including:
	 a) Draft national risk assessments when agreed upon by national consensus, or, where not available, b) Approved centralized national risk assessments, or, where not available, c) Draft national risk assessments not agreed upon by national consensus, or, where not available, d) Draft centralized national risk assessments.
	NOTE: Available FSC risk assessments are provided on the FSC website: (https://ic.fsc.org/en/document-center).

¹ 'Old NRAs' that include risk assessment for category 1 were developed for: Australia, Argentina, , Belgium (replaced by the centralized national risk assessment in May 2017), Brazil, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Chile, Denmark (replaced by the centralized national risk assessment in May 2017), Germany, Italy, Japan, New Zealand, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, Spain, Ukraine, United Kingdom.

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ADVICE-40-005-22 Using 'old NRAs' in the due diligence system after 31 December 2018

ADVICE-40-005-22	Using 'old NRAs' in the due diligence system after 31 December 2018
Normative reference	FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, definition of risk assessment
Effective date	31 December 2018
Approval	30 August 2018 by the FSC Performance and Standards Unit Director
Terms & definitions	Old NRA : National risk assessment developed according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V2-0.
Background	According to the definition, 'old NRAs' remain valid until 31 December 2018. After this date, the areas covered by these assessments become "unassessed areas", which means that they will be the subject of the risk assessment by the organization, unless they are replaced by revised FSC risk assessments.
	The revision of the old NRAs for certain countries has been delayed and rescheduled based on various factors. Due to these delays, the approval of revised FSC risk assessments is expected to be completed only by 30 June 2019. This advice aims to avoid additional complexity in the system, which would result from the otherwise required introduction of organizations' risk assessments for a short period of time between 01 January 2019 and the approval of revised FSC risk assessments. At the same time, this advice is consistent with Motion 56 from the 2017 FSC General Assembly, and the decision of the FSC Board of Directors at their 78th meeting in August 2018.
Advice	 An NRA approved according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V2-0 ('old NRA') remains valid until replaced by an FSC risk assessment approved according to FSC- PRO-60-002 V3-0, but no longer than until 30 June 2019.
	 If an 'old NRA' is not replaced by the FSC risk assessment approved according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V3-0 by 30 June 2019, the area covered in the 'old NRA' becomes unassessed area. Organizations sourcing material from this area will be required to develop extended company risk assessments (ECRA) instead.
	NOTE: As per Clause 3.2 of FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, organizations shall have a 6-month transition period to adapt their DDS to the NRA approved according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V3-0 and replacing the 'old NRA', unless an extension of 2 months is justified and approved by the certification body.

ADVICE-40-005-23 Using company risk assessments in the due diligence system after 30 June 2019.

ADVICE-40-005-23	Using company risk assessments in the due diligence system after 30 June 2019.
Normative reference	FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, definition of risk assessment
Effective date	30 June 2019
Approval	18 February 2019
Terms & definitions	National risk assessment (NRA): An assessment of the risk of sourcing from unacceptable sources in a given country/region, developed according to FSC-PRO-60-002 <i>The Development and Approval of FSC National Risk Assessments.</i>
	Centralized national risk assessment (CNRA): National risk assessment or part thereof developed by FSC International Center.
	Company risk assessment (CRA): An organization's assessment of the risk of sourcing from unacceptable sources in unassessed areas, developed according to Annex A of FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1 Requirements for Sourcing FSC Controlled Wood. This risk assessment can only be used for a country or part thereof where an FSC risk assessment for all five controlled wood categories had been scheduled by 31 December 2017.

	Extended company risk assessment (ECRA): An organization's assessment of the risk of sourcing from unacceptable sources in unassessed areas, developed according to FSC-PRO-60-002a FSC National Risk Assessment Framework.
Background	As per FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, in countries where an FSC risk assessment (NRA or CNRA) had been scheduled by 31 December 2017, organizations can use a company risk assessment in their due diligence system (DDS) till the delivery of an FSC risk assessment. However, the standard does not provide a 'cut-off' date beyond which company risk assessments shall not be used.
	As per ADVICE-40-005-22, in countries having an NRA approved according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V2-0 ('old NRA'), organizations can continue to use the 'old NRAs' until replaced by an FSC risk assessment approved according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V3-0, but no longer than until 30 June 2019.
	So, for countries where an FSC risk assessment had been scheduled by 31 December 2017, if those countries had 'old NRAs', there is a 'cut-off' date for the 'old NRAs' but for other countries there is no similar 'cut-off' date for company risk assessments.
	The initial expectation was for FSC risk assessments to be completed by 31 December 2018. However, the development of FSC risk assessments for certain countries has been delayed and re-scheduled based on various factors. Due to these delays, the approval of revised FSC risk assessments is expected to be completed only by 30 June 2019. This advice aims to avoid additional complexity in the system, which might arise if some countries do not complete the approval of the FSC risk assessments by 30 June 2019 and continue to use company risk assessments, whereas other countries with 'old NRAs' will no longer be permitted to use them after that date. This advice is based on Motion 56 from the 2017 FSC General Assembly, and the decision of the FSC Board of Directors at their 78th meeting in August 2018.
Advice	 For all countries and regions where an FSC risk assessment was scheduled by 30 December 2017, organizations sourcing material from these areas can continue to use company risk assessments in their DDS, but not beyond 30 June 2019 (unless as per Clause 3.2 of FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1).
	2. If an FSC risk assessment according to FSC-PRO-60-002 V3-0 is not approved for these countries and regions by 30 June 2019, these areas shall subsequently become 'unassessed areas'. Organizations continuing sourcing material from these areas after this date are required to have extended company risk assessments (ECRA) in place for their DDS.
	NOTE: As per Clause 3.2 of FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, the organization shall adapt its DDS to use FSC risk assessments within six (6) months of the date of FSC risk assessment approval by FSC, unless an extension is justified and approved by the certification body.

ADVICE-40-005-24 Landscape approach to implementation of the National Risk Assessment of the **United States**

ADVICE-40-005-24	Landscape approach to implementation of the National Risk Assessment of the United States
Normative reference	FSC-STD-20-011 V4-0 Clauses 6.2 and 6.17
	FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, Clause 4.14
Effective date	05 April 2019
Approval	05 April 2019
Scope	This Advice Note applies to all certification bodies (CBs) with CoC/CW in their accreditation scope when auditing a certificate holder's mitigation measures for sourcing controlled material from the United States. This Advice Note is intended to

facilitate innovative approaches to address specified risks in the FSC National Risk Assessment for the Coterminous United States of America (FSC-NRA-US). These approaches aim to reduce the occurrence of undesirable activities at a landscape scale. FSC US has implemented several innovations in its NRA, which consists of the Background following: Landscape approach to risk designation: Fine-scale risk designations are considered impractical, due to the United States' large land area and ecological diversity, as well as the availability of pertinent data on e.g., species range and individual occurrences. As such, roughly 80% of the 'specified risk' designations for threats to HCVs (Controlled Wood category 3) and for forest conversion (Controlled Wood category 4) in the NRA are at a landscape scale. These range in size from individual counties to portions of multiple states, to entire ecological regions. Landscape approach to risk mitigation: Information on origin of forest materials is confined to a landscape level for the US certificate holders due to legal constraints on information sharing and the complexity of supply chains. As such, it is impractical for companies to attempt risk mitigation at specific sites of origin. This led to development of landscape-level risk mitigation measures. The mandatory control measures in the NRA require that certificate holders implement one or more of a limited set of mitigation options within each specified risk area from which they source material. The overall approach is based on the premise that concentrated effort by numerous certificate holders on a limited range of activities is more likely to result in positive change on the ground than certificate holders implementing disparate actions. A limited set of options also reduces conformance variability and uncertainty, so that certificate holders are better able to manage financial risk, and it creates a more level playing field. Landscape approach to effectiveness verification: Since it is infeasible for individual certificate holders to verify the effectiveness of their mitigation actions within a framework of landscape-level risk mitigation, FSC US will undertake the verification of mitigation effectiveness in lieu of individual verification. FSC US will monitor changes on the ground within the areas of specified risk, primarily through information sharing with expert stakeholder organizations active within these landscapes, and data collection from various sources. Intended benefits: The landscape approach provides certificate holders with greater clarity and certainty of the requirements by: 1) providing a limited set of mitigation options for each specified risk, 2) creating a framework for determining what level of mitigation is required, and 3) developing a baseline of expectations for each kind of mitigation action allowed. · The approach focuses mitigation efforts by certificate holders on a finite set of actions that will concentrate investment in accepted and centrally monitored conservation efforts, directly creating change on the ground. An opportunity to significantly influence forest conservation well beyond the boundaries of certified forests, while increasing the credibility of the controlled wood system. Advice 1. Certification bodies shall verify the implementation of the mandatory control measures specified in the US NRA for controlled wood categories 3 (Wood from forests in which HCVs are threatened by management activities) and 4 (Wood from forests being converted to plantations or non-forest use). However, they are not required to verify the effectiveness of the actions identified as part of the mandatory control measures. NOTE: Certification bodies are required to fully conform to the Advice Note and will not receive any corrective action request (CAR) from Assurance Services International (ASI) for not verifying the effectiveness of the mitigation measures for Controlled Wood categories 3 and 4. However, if they do identify critical gaps in risk

mitigation arising out of the landscape approach, they should report this to PSU and FSC-US.

ADVICE-40-005-25 Adapting Due Diligence Systems to urgently revised FSC risk assessments

ADVICE-40-005-25	Adapting Due Diligence Systems to urgently revised FSC risk assessments
Normative reference	FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1, Clause 3.2, 4.12 and 4.13
Effective date	8 March 2022
Approval	8 March 2022 by FSC Director General
Background	Recent geopolitical tensions have highlighted the need to refine the mechanisms for quickly responding to suddenly changed risk situations in areas covered by a valid NRA or CNRA (henceforth 'FSC risk assessment'), as such risks could seriously undermine the integrity of the FSC certification scheme in general, and controlled wood in particular, if left unaddressed.
	Furthermore, these risks can represent serious reputational harm to the FSC certification scheme and the FSC brand.
	Therefore, FSC has issued FSC-ADV-60-002-01, introducing the option for FSC International to change the risk designations and control measures for relevant controlled wood indicators in FSC risk assessments through the urgent (NRA) and fast (CNRA) revision mechanisms.
	As these extraordinary changes to risk designations and control measures are required to avoid serious reputational harm, this Advice Note shortens the period by which organizations shall adapt their due diligence systems (DDS) to use FSC risk assessments revised according to FSC-ADV-60-002-01.
Advice	1. For FSC risk assessments that have been revised based on FSC-ADV-60-002-01, the organization shall adapt its DDS to reflect the changed risk designations and control measures within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of approval (CNRAs) and international approval date (NRAs) of the revised FSC risk assessment.
	NOTE: Clauses 2 and 3 below apply to control measures established to mitigate the risk, but do not apply to control measures established to avoid sourcing, as per Clause 4.1 in FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1.
	2. The organization shall implement the mandatory control measures in the applicable CNRA, subject to clause 3
	3. The organization may replace the mandatory control measures provided in the CNRA with more effective control measures, under the following conditions:
	 a) The organization shall demonstrate to the certification body that control measures provided in the CNRA are inadequate to mitigate risk found in the organization's specific operations; and
	 b) The organization shall demonstrate to the certification body that the alternative control measures are sufficient to mitigate the risk, and the certification body approves the alternative control measures; and
	c) The organization, upon approval by the certification body of a) and b), shall forward a description of the alternative control measures, and justification for their use, to the body responsible for CNRA maintenance (as defined in the CNRA).

ADVICE-40-005-26 Extension of the Validity of FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessments

ADVICE-40-005-26	Extension of the Validity of FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessments
Normative reference	Clause 8.4, 10.1, 10.6 and 10.7 of <fsc-pro-60-002 and="" approval="" assessments="" development="" fsc="" national="" of="" risk="" the="" v3-0=""></fsc-pro-60-002>
	Clause 8.1 and 8.8 of < PSU-PRO-10-002 V2-0 The Development and Approval of FSC Centralized National Risk Assessments>
	< FSC-PRO-60-002a V1-0 FSC National Risk Assessment Framework>
	< FSC-STD-40-005 V3-1 Requirements for Sourcing FSC Controlled Wood>
Effective date	06 September 2023
Approval	30 August 2023 by FSC Managing Director
Transition end date	(not applicable)
Scope	This Advice Note applies to The Organization sourcing FSC Controlled Wood using <fsc-std-40-005 controlled="" for="" fsc="" requirements="" sourcing="" v3-1="" wood="">.</fsc-std-40-005> .
Terms and Definitions	National Risk Assessment (NRA): A designation of the risk of sourcing from unacceptable sources in a given country or region, developed according to < <u>FSC-PRO-60-002</u> The Development and Approval of FSC National Risk Assessments> (Source: < <u>FSC-PRO-60-002 V3-0 The Development and Approval of FSC National Risk Assessments</u> >).
	Centralized National Risk Assessment (CNRA): National risk assessment or part thereof developed by FSC International Center (Source: <psu-pro-10-002 and="" approval="" assessments="" centralized="" development="" fsc="" national="" of="" risk="" the="" v2-0="">).</psu-pro-10-002>
	Note: NRA and CNRA are collectively referred to as FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessment.
	The Organization: The person or entity holding or applying for certification and therefore responsible for demonstrating compliance with the requirements upon which FSC certification is based (Source: <fsc-std-01-001 and="" criteria="" for="" forest="" fsc="" principles="" stewardship="">).</fsc-std-01-001>
Background	As per <fsc-pro-60-002 and="" approval="" assessments="" development="" fsc="" national="" of="" risk="" the="" v3-0=""> and <psu-pro-10-002 and="" approval="" assessments="" centralized="" development="" fsc="" national="" of="" risk="" the="" v2-0="">, an approved FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessment remains valid for a period of five (5) years from the approval date. The validity of the majority of FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessments is expiring by December 2024.</psu-pro-10-002></fsc-pro-60-002>
	The objective of this Advice Note is to extend the validity of FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessments.
Version History	V1-0: Approved 30 August 2023
Advice	Existing FSC Controlled Wood Risk Assessments shall remain in effect beyond their stated period of validity until replaced by the next versions of corresponding FSC Risk Assessments.



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